

SUMMARY

Maria Amelina. Stress in underived nouns with homogeneous vocalic structure in the Yamal dialect of the Tundra Nenets language. Part I. Phonetic words with low and middle vowels

The article deals with the problems of suprasegmental phonetics of one of the easternmost dialects of the Tundra Nenets language — the Yamal dialect. The basic and secondary acoustic correlates of stress (word accent) in the disyllabic underived nouns with homogeneous vocalic structure (with low and middle vowels) in the Yamal dialect are considered in the article.

Keywords: Tundra Nenets, the Yamal dialect, stress, word accent, acoustic correlates of stress

Igor Kyzlasov. Inscriptions and tamgas of the Del-ula mountain (towards the speech and cultural peculiarities of the Central Mongolia in the VIII—Xth centuries)

There are three families' tamgas of the VIII—IXth centuries on the Del-ula mountain in Mongolia. An author put two runic inscriptions of the Yenisei alphabet in the IX—Xth centuries near these tamgas. These inscriptions tell about a repentance of a soldier having killed animals on hunting and about a gratitude to god for disposal of diseases. Possibly, the author of the writing on the rock was a preacher, who knew a common plot about the discussion (disastrous for the prophet Mani) between Mani and the shahanshah Varahran I in 276 and intentionally connected in the inscriptions the two subjects of the triumphing Manichaeism — the won doctoring and humbled military and hunting valour. Spelling of the words *tāṅiri* and *altimiš* manifests some features of the local speech.

Keywords: Mongolia, Turkic runology, Yenisei epigraphy, rock inscriptions, Turkic Manichaeism, tamgas of the VIII—IXth centuries, features of the local speech of the IX—Xth centuries.

Julia Normanskaja. Clarification of the Protoselkup reconstruction of vowels of the first syllable. Part I. Analysis of new field materials of the Narym dialect of Selkup

The article presents the analysis of the vowels of the first syllable in the Narym dialect of the Selkup language on the base of field recordings collected in 2009 and their parallels in the Taz and Ket dialects. The results of the analysis allow clarifying the system of Protoselkup vowels of the first syllable. Compared with [Alatalo 2004] four additional Protoselkup phonemes — *e, *ä, *y, *i — are reconstructed.

Keywords: Protoselkup reconstruction, vowels of the first syllable, Narym dialect

Elena Rudnitskaya. Quantitative meanings in the Evenki verbal constructions on the material of oral stories of 2005—2011

In the paper, we consider morphological means used to express quantitative meanings in Evenki. We focus on aspectual verb affixes and on certain tense and participle markers that have the meaning of quantity, as well as on constructions with adverbs. The use of these constructions in the oral stories in Evenki is illustrated; a brief survey of every affix's meaning is given. A quantitative characteristic of the use of those aspectual affixes in the corpus that have a quantitative meaning is also included.

Keywords: quantitative meaning, aspectual marker, intensifier, attenuative, Evenki, corpus

Olga Khanina. Conjunctive coordination in Enets

The paper gives a thorough description of conjunctive coordination in Enets (Forest and Tundra dialects) based on a corpus of natural texts: we discuss both indigeneous Uralic strategies and those using words borrowed from Russian. Syntactic properties (possible coordinands, verbal cross-reference of coordinated subjects and objects) and semantic distribution are studied against a typological context, which allows to highlight rare features specific to Enets, as well as to spot cross-linguistically common phenomena.

Keywords: coordination, Enets, number cross-reference on verb, natural coordination